§ 252.4

Outer Continental Shelf. All submerged lands lying seaward and outside of the area of lands beneath navigable waters as defined in section 2 of 43 U.S.C. 1301 et seq., and of which the subsoil and seabed appertain to the United States and are subject to its jurisdiction and control.

State-owned Offshore Submerged Lands. Coastal portions of lands beneath navigable waters, as defined in section 2 of the Submerged Lands Act.

§ 252.4 Policy.

- (a) It is DoD policy to support the principle that lands composing the Outer Continental Shelf and state-owned offshore areas shall be used in the best interest of the United States. Therefore, it is DoD policy for the use of offshore areas to be shared with non-military interests whenever they can be accommodated.
- (b) The Secretaries of Defense and the Interior have agreed on procedures for resolving conflicts over joint use of offshore areas for military and mineral exploration or developmental purposes. In carrying out negotiations with elements of the Department of the Interior (DoI), the Department of Defense shall be guided by this agreement when appropriate.
- (c) If a coastal state determines that the mineral potential of off-shore areas being used or proposed to be used for military purposes must be explored or developed, DoD shall endeavor to accommodate joint military and commercial use of those areas. If comparible joint use is not economically or militarily feasible, DoD shall seek agreement with the coastal state to exclude conflict areas from its leasing program.

§ 252.5 Responsibilities.

- (a) The Assistant Secretary of Defense (Production and Logistics) (ASD(P&L)) shall maintain a comprehensive program for the military use of the offshore environment and provide related direction and policy to DoD Components.
- (b) The Secretary of the Army shall provide notices to the ASD(A&L), to affected military installations and activities, and to the Director of the Defense Mapping Agency Hydrographic/

Topographic Center of potential obstructions and hazards to navigation as stated in the Rivers and Harbors Appropriation Act, of proposed permits for obstructions to be located on the Outer Continental Shelf under 43 U.S.C. 1331 *et seq.*, as amended, and of proposed permits for artificial reefs under the National Fishing Enhancement Act of 1984 to ensure compatibility with the Offshore Military Activities Program.

- (c) The Secretary of the Navy shall:
- (1) Act as DoD Executive Agent for outer continental shelf matters and carry out responsibilities assigned to the Executive Agent in the Agreement.
- (2) Conduct continuing liaison with DoI, appropriate coastal states, and the ASD(P&L) to ensure compatibility between the DoD Offshore Military Activities Program and the related plans and programs of DoI and coastal states.
- (3) Inform concerned DoD Components of new developments in the DOI's, states', and industry's mineral leasing plans that may affect present or potential military interests in offshore areas.
- (4) Represent the Department of Defense on the Secretary of the Interior's Outer Continental Shelf Advisory Board.
- (d) The Secretary of the Air Force shall, for those offshore areas under his control, conduct continuing liaison with the DoI and coastal states and enter into agreements necessary to ensure compatibility between military activities and relevant plans and programs of the DoI and coastal states.
 - (e) *Heads of DoD Components* shall:
- (1) Review proposed DoI's and states' mineral leasing plans and inform the Executive Agent of proposed activities that could be incompatible with military missions. When joint use is feasible, the Heads shall recommend conditions and stipulations that should be imposed in leases to ensure the integrity of military missions and otherwise protect the interests of the United States against claims arising out of damage to property or personal injury.
- (2) Establish and maintain lines of communication and coordination to ensure that the ASD(P&L) and the Executive Agent are fully aware of plans and programs involving offshore areas.